



Temperature / Specific Gravity Table

<u>TEMP</u>	<u>Spec. Gr.</u>	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>Spec. Gr.</u>	<u>TEMP</u>	<u>Spec. Gr.</u>
40	0.7258	60	0.7170	80	0.7083
41	0.7253	61	0.7166	81	0.7079
42	0.7248	62	0.7162	82	0.7074
43	0.7244	63	0.7157	83	0.7069
44	0.7240	64	0.7153	84	0.7065
45	0.7236	65	0.7148	85	0.7061
46	0.7231	66	0.7144	86	0.7056
47	0.7227	67	0.7140	87	0.7052
48	0.7222	68	0.7135	88	0.7048
49	0.7218	69	0.7130	89	0.7043
50	0.7214	70	0.7126	90	0.7039
51	0.7209	71	0.7122	91	0.7035
52	0.7205	72	0.7118	92	0.7031
53	0.7200	73	0.7113	93	0.7025
54	0.7196	74	0.7109	94	0.7021
55	0.7192	75	0.7105	95	0.7017
56	0.7187	76	0.7100	96	0.7013
57	0.7183	77	0.7096	97	0.7008
58	0.7179	78	0.7092	98	0.7004
59	0.7174	79	0.7087	99	0.7000

To Use This Table:

1. Measure the specific gravity with the hydrometer provided and record. Measure the temperature with the thermometer provided and record. Compare the specific gravity of the the test sample with the specific gravity in the table opposite the temperature observed. If the specific gravity of the test sample is within +/- 0.002 of the table, the sample is good. If the variation is greater than +/- 0.002, pull another sample and test it again.

2. To calculate the weight of the gasoline at a temperature other than 60°F, multiply the specific gravity by 8.328.

* The gasoline weighs approximately **5.968 pounds per gallon at 60° F** when the sample is in compliance.

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